

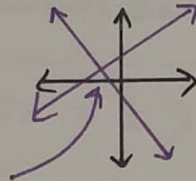
SECTION 5.1 - SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

* 2 OR MORE EQUATIONS WITH THE SAME VARIABLE ARE REFERRED TO AS A SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS.

* A SYSTEM OF 2 EQUATIONS WILL HAVE:

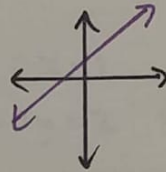
① EXACTLY 1 SOLUTION:

INTERSECTION IS SOLUTION.

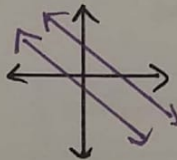


② AN INFINITE # OF SOLUTIONS:

TWO LINES "ON TOP" OF EACH OTHER. (HAVE SAME SLOPE + Y-INT)



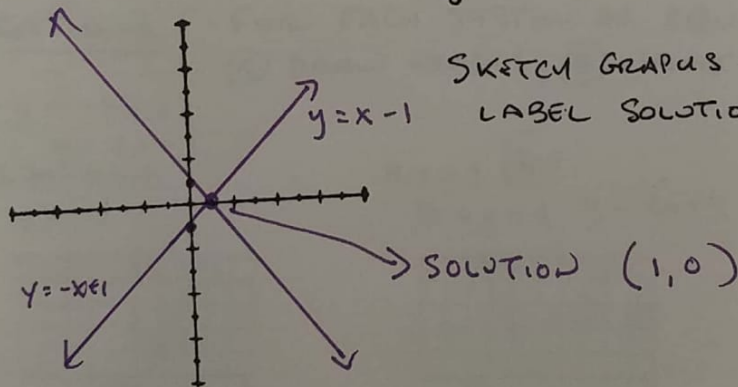
③ NO SOLUTIONS:



PARALLEL LINES (NEVER CROSS)
SAME SLOPE BUT DIFFERENT Y-INTERCEPT.

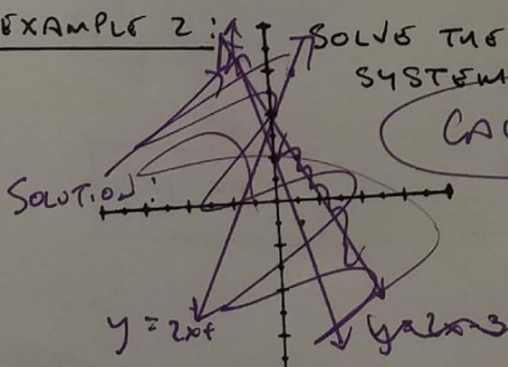
PART 1: SOLVING GRAPHICALLY (CALCULATOR ACTIVE)

EXAMPLE 1: SOLVE THE SYSTEM: $y = x - 1$ $m = 1$ $b = -1$
 $y = -x + 1$ $m = -1$ $b = 1$ GRAPHICALLY.



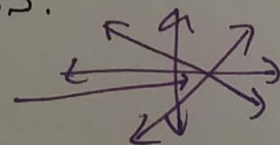
SKETCH GRAPHS + LABEL SOLUTION.

EXAMPLE 2: SOLVE THE SYSTEM $y = 2x - 3$ $m = 2$ $b = -3$
 $2x + y = 4$ $y = -2x + 4$ $m = -2$ $b = 4$ GRAPHICALLY.

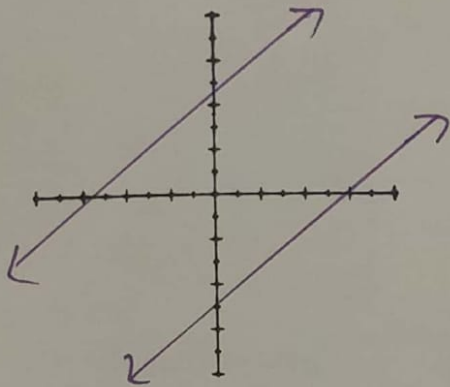


SKETCH GRAPHS + LABEL SOLUTION.

(1.75, 0.5)



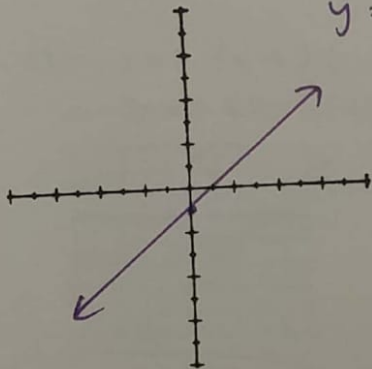
EXAMPLE 3: SOLVE THE SYSTEM $y = x + 4$
 $y = x - 1$ GRAPHICALLY.



SKETCH GRAPHS +
 LABEL SOLUTION.

NO SOLUTION
 (SLOPE = 1)

EXAMPLE 4: SOLVE THE SYSTEM $y = x - 1$
 $-2y = -2x + 2$ $2x - 2y = 2$ GRAPHICALLY.

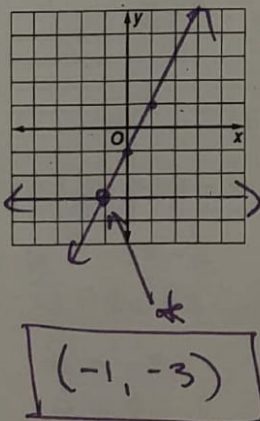


$y = x - 1$ SKETCH GRAPHS +
 LABEL SOLUTION.

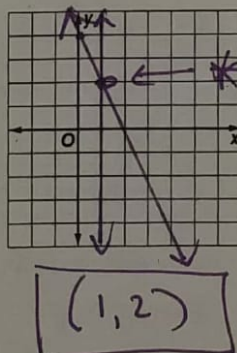
INFINITE SOLUTIONS
 (SAME LINE)

APPLICATIONS: FOR EACH SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS:
 (A) DRAW GRAPHS, (B) NAME AND LABEL THE SOLUTION.

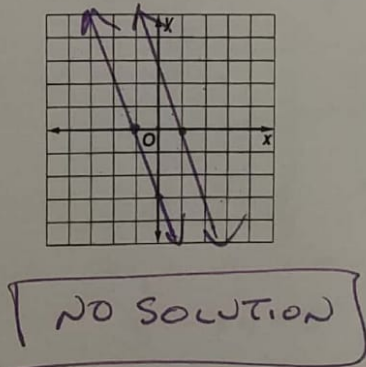
$-y = -2x + 1$
 $y = 2x - 1$
 5. $2x - y = 1$
 $y = -3$



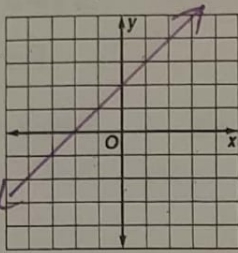
6. $x = 1$ *
 $2x + y = 4$ $y = -2x + 4$



7. $3x + y = -3$ $y = -3x - 3$
 $3x + y = 3$ $y = -3x + 3$

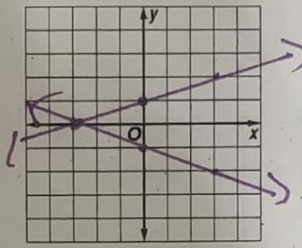


$$\begin{aligned} -y &= -x - 2 \\ y &= x + 2 \\ 8. y &= x + 2 \\ x - y &= -2 \end{aligned}$$



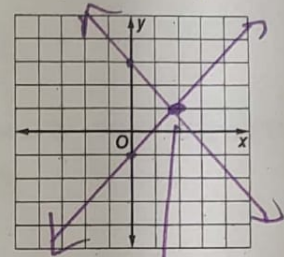
INFINITE SOLUTIONS

$$\begin{aligned} 3y &= -x - 3 \\ y &= -\frac{1}{3}x - 1 \\ 9. x + 3y &= -3 \\ x - 3y &= -3 \end{aligned}$$



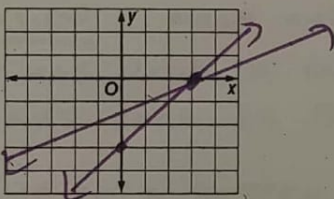
$$\begin{aligned} -3y &= -x - 3 \\ y &= \frac{1}{3}x + 1 \\ (-3, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10. y - x &= -1 \\ x + y &= 3 \\ y &= x - 1 \\ y &= -x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

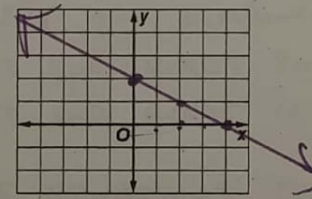


(2, 1)

$$\begin{aligned} 11. x - y &= 3 \quad (0, -3) \quad (3, 0) \\ x - 2y &= 3 \quad (0, -\frac{3}{2}) \quad (3, 0) \\ 12. x + 2y &= 4 \quad (0, 2) \\ y &= -\frac{1}{2}x + 2 \quad (4, 0) \end{aligned}$$

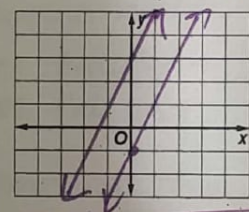


(3, 0)



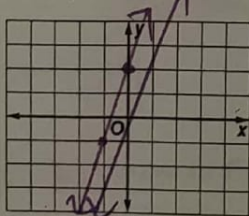
INFINITE SOLUTIONS

$$\begin{aligned} 13. y &= 2x + 3 \\ 3y &= 6x - 6 \\ y &= 2x - 2 \end{aligned}$$



NO SOLUTION

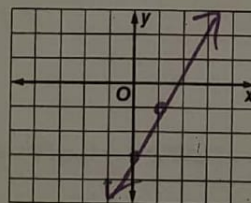
$$\begin{aligned} 5. 3x - y &= -2 \\ 3x - y &= 0 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} -y &= -3x - 2 \\ y &= 3x + 2 \\ -y &= -3x \\ y &= 3x \end{aligned}$$

NO SOLUTION

$$\begin{aligned} 6. y &= 2x - 3 \\ 4x &= 2y + 6 \end{aligned}$$

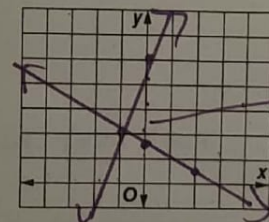


$$\begin{aligned} 2y &= 4x - 6 \\ y &= 2x - 3 \end{aligned}$$

(SAME LINE)

INFINITE SOLUTIONS

$$\begin{aligned} 7. x + 2y &= 3 \\ 3x - y &= -5 \\ 2y &= -x + 3 \\ y &= -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$



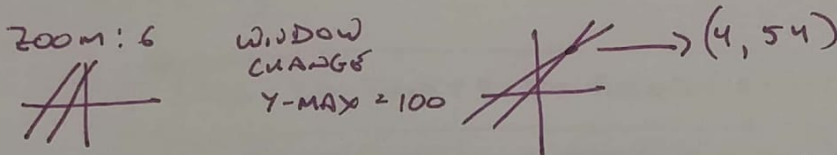
(-1, 2)

$$\begin{aligned} -y &= -3x - 5 \\ y &= 3x + 5 \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE 5. JOE AND JOSH EACH WANT TO BUY A VIDEO GAME.
 JOE HAS \$14 AND SAVES \$10 PER WEEK. JOSH HAS \$26 AND SAVES \$7 PER WEEK. IN HOW MANY WEEKS WILL THEY HAVE THE SAME AMOUNT?

(A) WRITE A SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS TO REPRESENT THE SITUATION.
 JOE: $y = 14 + 10x$ JOSH: $y = 26 + 7x$

(B) GRAPH THE SYSTEM USING AN APPROPRIATE WINDOW.
 SKETCH YOUR GRAPH BELOW.



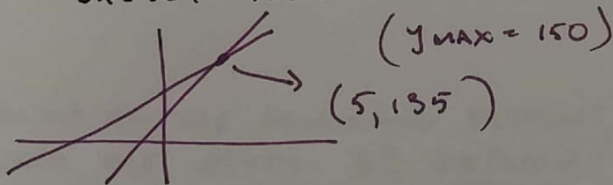
(C) DETERMINE THE SOLUTION, STATING IT IN CONTEXT.
 (4, 54) IN 4 WKS, BOTH WILL HAVE \$54

APPLICATION. MARY AND SUE ARE READING A GRAPHIC NOVEL.
 MARY HAS READ 35 PAGES AND READS 20 PAGES PER DAY.
 SUE HAS READ 85 PAGES AND READS 10 PAGES PER DAY.

(A) WRITE A SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS TO REPRESENT THE SITUATION:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{MARY: } y = 35 + 20x \\ \text{SUE: } y = 85 + 10x \end{array} \right\} \text{(DISCUSS WINDOW)}$$

(B) GRAPH THE SYSTEM USING AN APPROPRIATE WINDOW.
 SKETCH YOUR GRAPH BELOW.



(C) DETERMINE THE SOLUTION, STATING IT IN CONTEXT.

(5, 135)

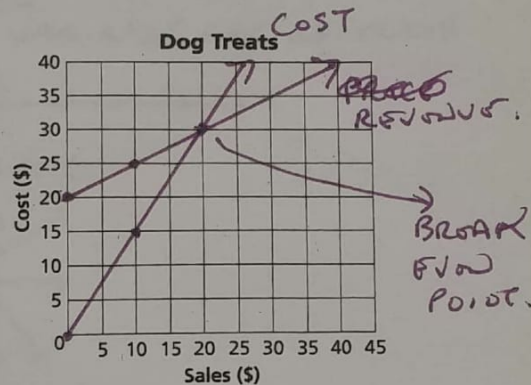
IN 5 DAYS, BOTH WILL HAVE READ 135 PAGES

PRACTICE. COMPLETE THESE PROBLEMS WITHOUT A CALCULATOR.

①

BUSINESS Nick plans to start a home-based business producing and selling gourmet dog treats. He figures it will cost \$20 in operating costs per week plus \$0.50 to produce each treat. He plans to sell each treat for \$1.50.

- a. Graph the system of equations $y = 0.5x + 20$ and $y = 1.5x$ to represent the situation. $\rightarrow m = \frac{5}{10}$
 $m = \frac{15}{10}$
- b. How many treats does Nick need to sell per week to break even?



$(20, 30)$

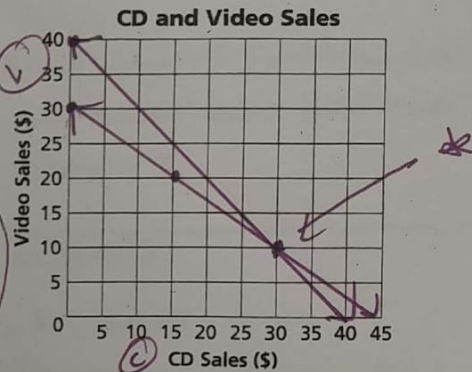
SELL 20 TREATS TO BREAK EVEN
 (COST = 30, REVENUE = 30)

②

$C = \text{CD'S}$
 $V = \text{VID'S}$

SALES A used book store also started selling used CDs and videos. In the first week, the store sold 40 used CDs and videos, at \$4.00 per CD and \$6.00 per video. The sales for both CDs and videos totaled \$180.00

- a. Write a system of equations to represent the situation. $C + V = 40$
 $4C + 6V = 180$
- b. Graph the system of equations.
- c. How many CDs and videos did the store sell in the first week?



$(30, 10)$

30 CDS + 10 VIDEOS

$V = -C + 40$
 $6V = -4C + 180$
 $V = -\frac{2}{3}C + 30$

③ WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SYSTEMS OF EQUATIONS DOES NOT BELONG WITH THE OTHER 3? EXPLAIN!

$4x - y = 5$
 $-2x + y = -1$

$-y = -4x + 5$
 $(y = 4x - 5)$
 $(y = 2x - 1)$

$-x + 4y = 8$
 $3x - 6y = 6$

$4y = x + 8$
 $(y = \frac{1}{4}x + 2)$
 $-6y = -3x + 6$
 $(y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1)$

$4x + 2y = 14$
 $12x + 6y = 18$

$2y = -4x + 14$
 $(y = -2x + 7)$
 $12x + 6y = 18$
 $6y = -12x + 18$
 $(y = -2x + 3)$

PARALLEL

$3x - 2y = 1$
 $2x + 3y = 18$

$-2y = -3x + 1$
 $(y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2})$
 $2x + 3y = 18$
 $3y = -2x + 18$
 $(y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 6)$

⑤