

Lights Camera Action!

Part 2: Controlling Light in Alice

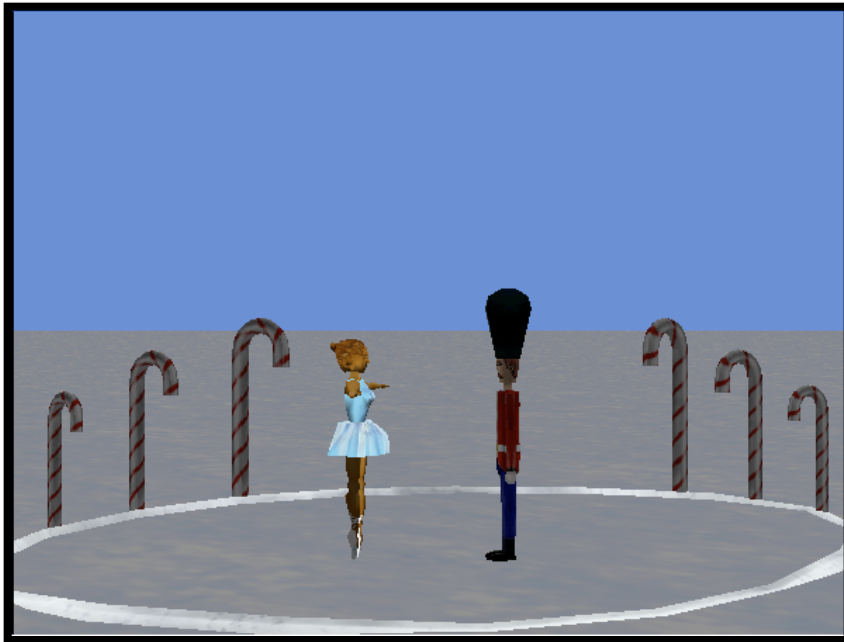


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Introduction

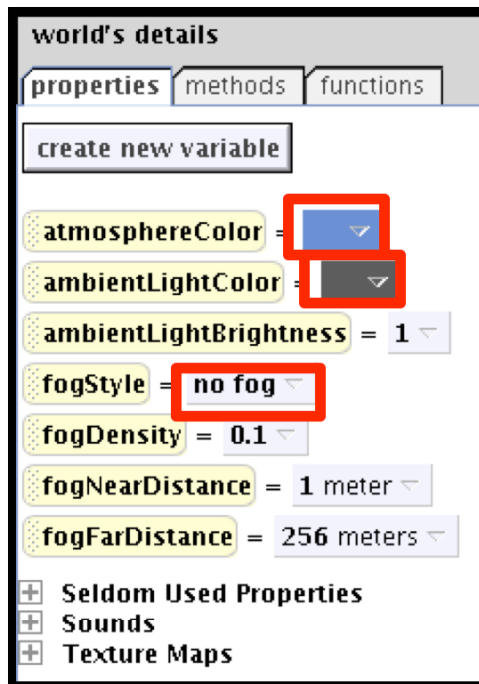
Download the Alice World that goes along with this tutorial.

You will be learning about how to manipulate light in Alice by changing the properties of the light in the world as well as adding your own light objects.

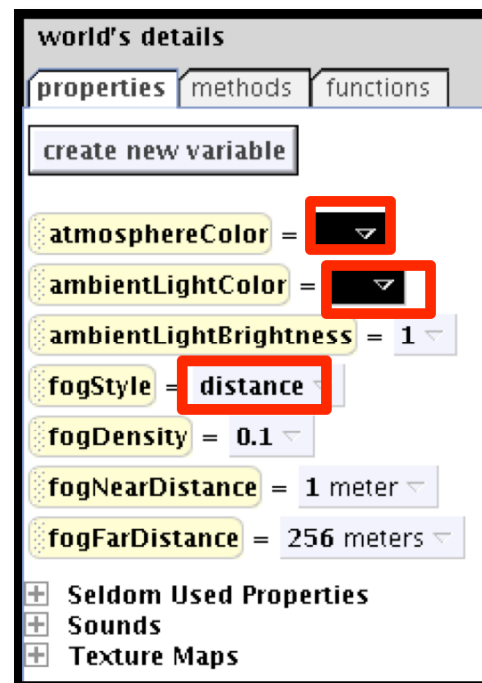


The Alice world begins with our ballerina and her nutcracker prince in the middle of a winter wonderland. The stage is set for them to dance around each other before the play ends and the dreamer awakes. We will first darken the stage then add spotlights so that the scene really looks like a ballet being put on. The characters will slowly disappear as the background changes to dawn.

Step 1: Darkening the World



Changing the atmosphereColor will darken the sky and the ambienLightColor will set a shade over the whole world. We want to blur the background between the ground and sky so that it looks like the curtain at the back of the stage. We can do this by editing the fogStyle.



Go to the **properties** pane of the **world**.

Change the **atmosphereColor** and **ambientLightColor** to black. Change the **fogStyle** to **distance**.



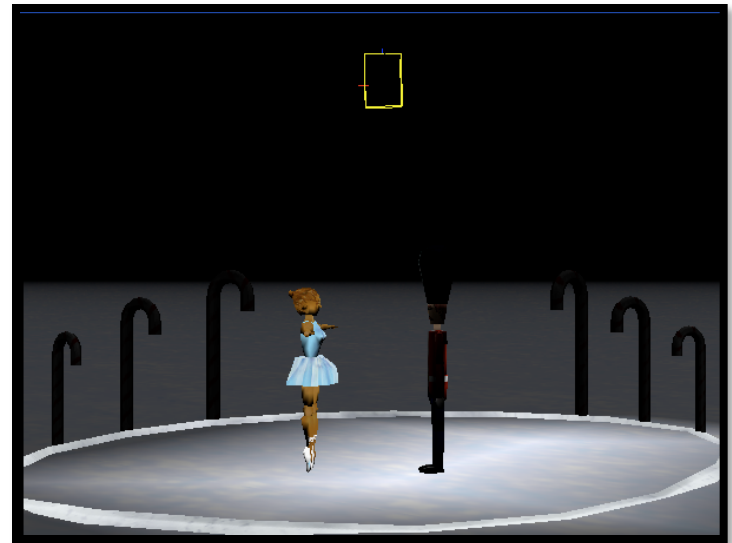
Step 2: Adding Spotlights

Now we are going to add spotlights to the scene to highlight the players of our ballet as well as the stage.



Click on **add objects** and go to the folder in the gallery called **Lights**.

Find the **class StageSpotLight** and **add an instance** of it to your world.

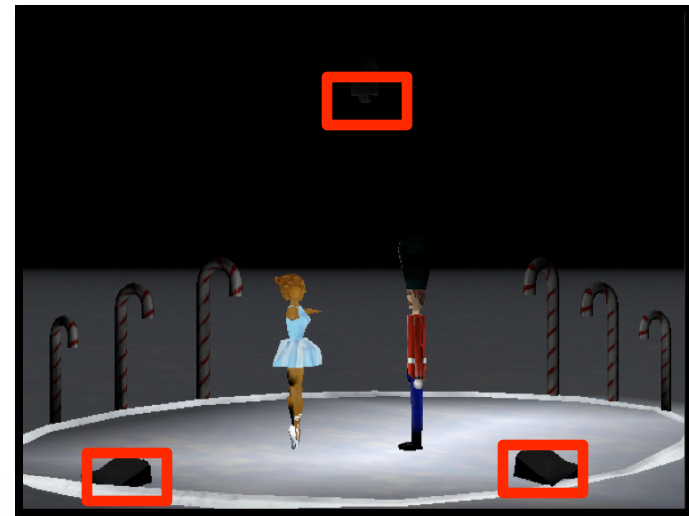
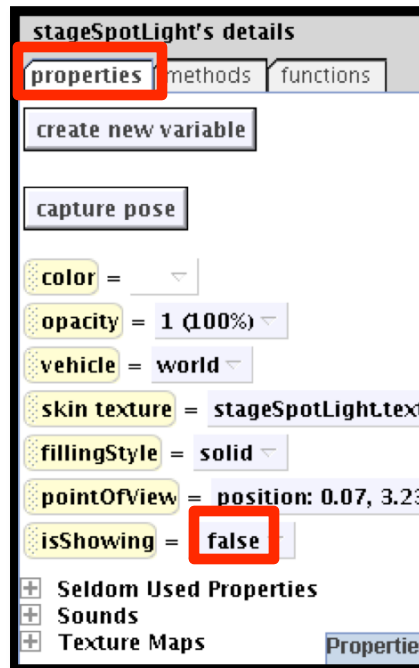
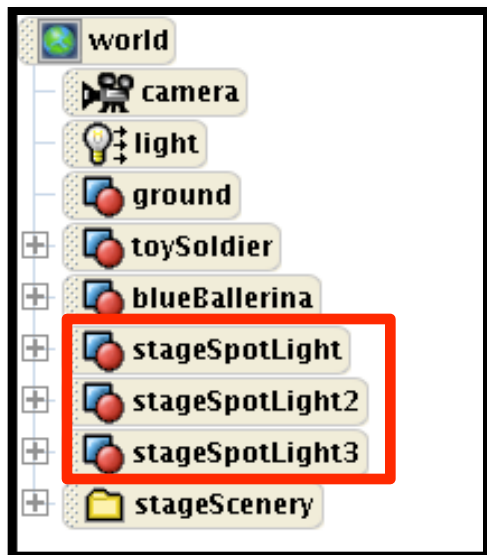


Use the **object moving tools** to **rotate** your light and **move** it **up** so that it illuminates the stage from above.

Step 2: Adding Spotlights

Add two more **spotlights**. **Move** them closer and down and then **tumble** them so that they point at the two objects on the stage.

You should now have three **spotlights** in your world, one pointing at the stage, one at the **blueBallerina**, and one at the **toySoldier**.



Now we want to hide these spotlights (but not their light) from the scene.

Go to the **properties** tab for each of the **spotlight** objects and set the **isShowing** property on each of them to **false**.

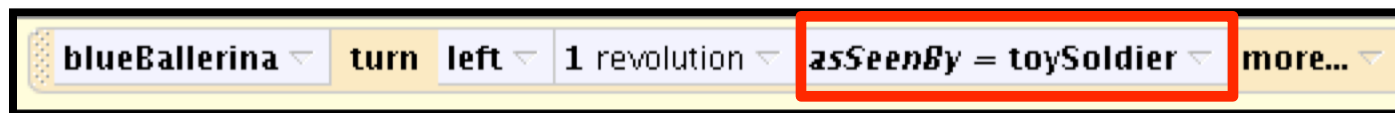
Once the lights are set up we can start the dance!

Step 3: asSeenBy Parameter

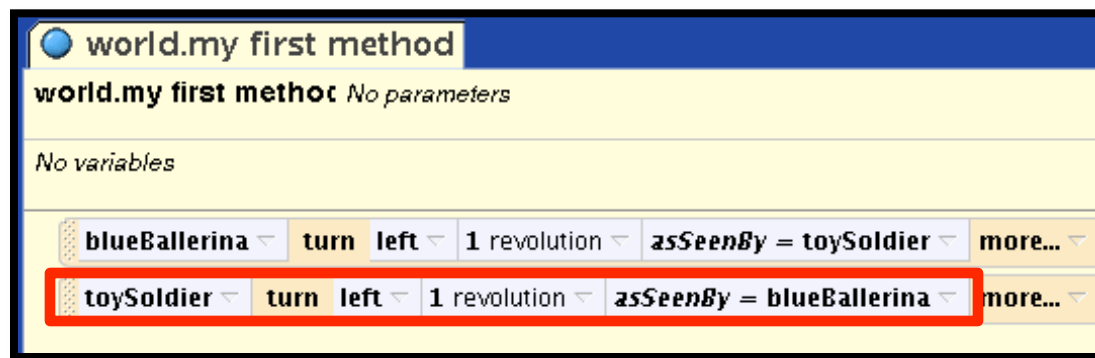
Click **done** to go back to the main window.



Go to the **methods** for the **blueBallerina**. Drag in and drop the **blueBallerina turn** method into the **method editor** for **world.myfirstmethod**. Select **left 1 revolution**.



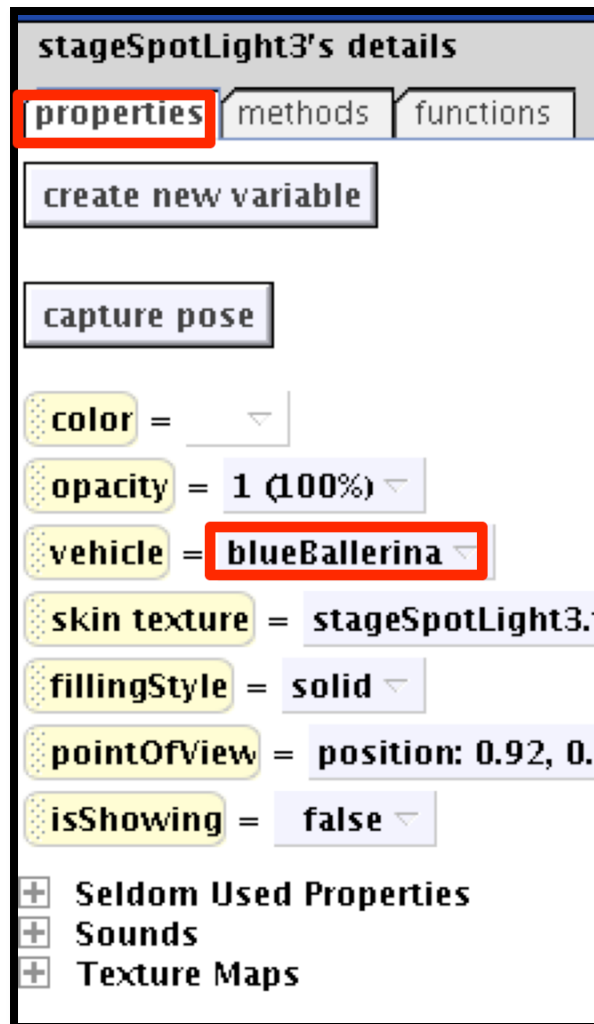
Click on **more asSeenBy toySoldier** (the entire **toySoldier**) to make her circle around her partner. Do the same for the **toySoldier** but make him go around the **blueBallerina**.



Click **Play** to test your world.

You will notice that the lights do not follow the dancers, let's fix this.

Step 4: Vehicle Property



To make the lights follow the dancers, we need to change the vehicle property of the two spotlights in the front.

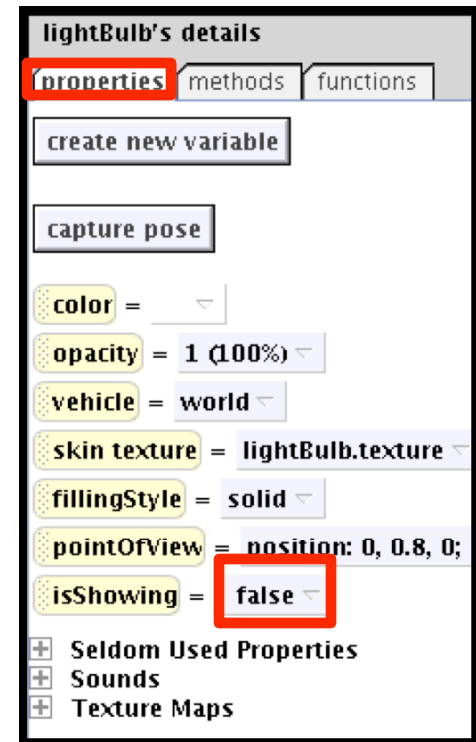
Go to the properties pane of the spotlight on the left and set the **vehicle** to **toySoldier** (the entire **toySoldier**).

Do the same with the spotlight on the right except setting it to **blueBallerina**.

Play your world and see if you can see the lights follow them as they spin around each other.



Step 5: Adding Lightbulb

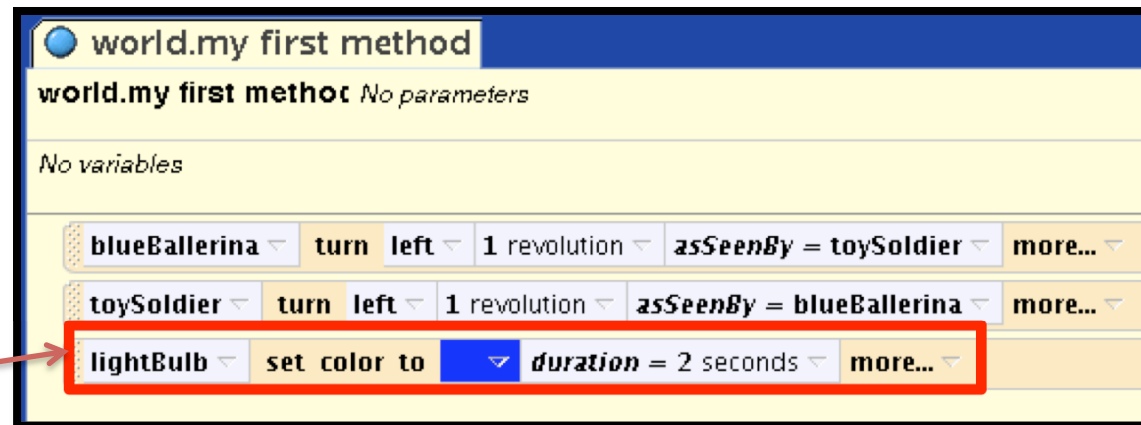
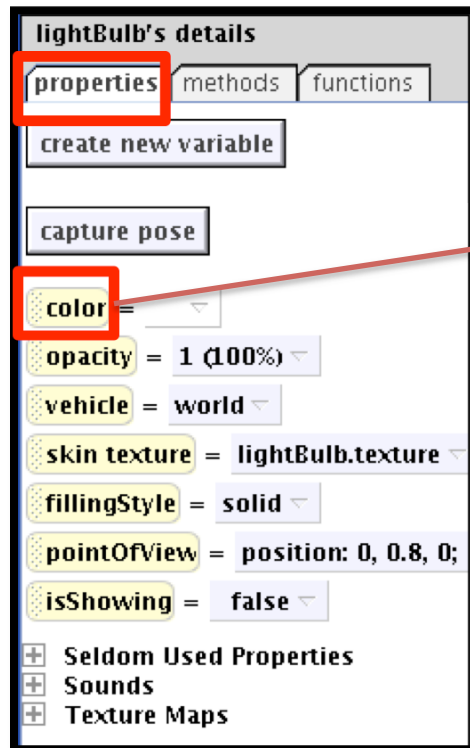


We can now add another object from the light folder, a lightbulb, which will give us a way to change the color of the light in the scene

Click on **add objects** and in the **Light folder**, add an instance of the **class Lightbulb**.

Click on the newly added **Lightbulb** in the **object tree** and in the **properties** pane, set the **isShowing** to **false** in order to hide the physical bulb but not the light.

Step 6: Changing Color



Click on the **lightBulb** in the **object tree** and go to the **properties** pane. Drag and drop the **color** property into the **method editor** at the end. Select **blue**.

Click on **more...** and select **duration**, **2 seconds**. **Play** the world to see the color of the light around the stage change to blue.

Repeat this **three more times** for a total of four color change calls. Select any **color** you choose. *Now we need to make the light changing and dancing happen together.*

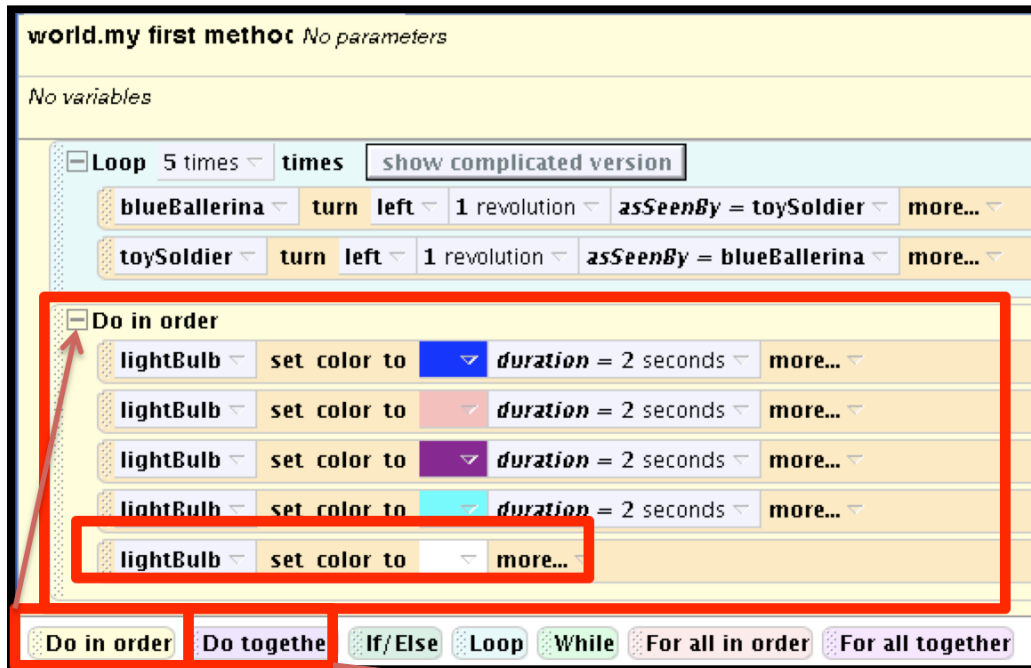
Step 7: Loop



Since we want to repeat the dancing motion until the lights stop changing, we are going to use a loop.

Drag the **Loop** from the bottom of the **method editor** into the top of the **method**. Select **5 times**. Drag the two **turn** methods into the **loop**.

Step 8: Do in order & Do together

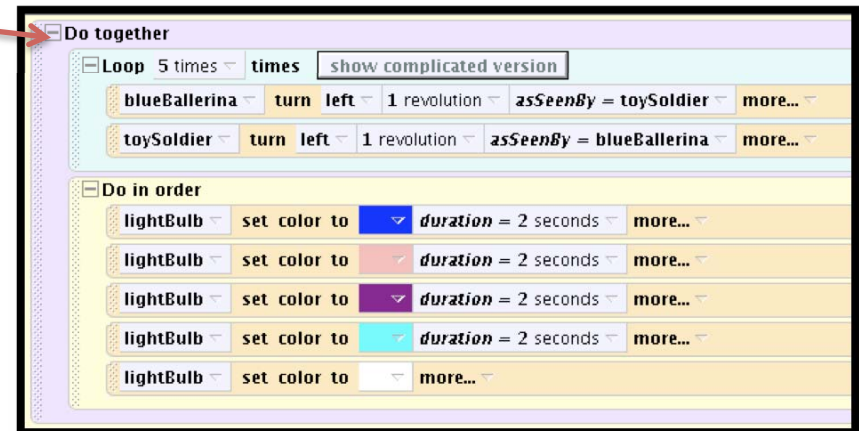


Drag the **Do in order** right after the **loop** and put each of the **lightBulb color change** methods into it.

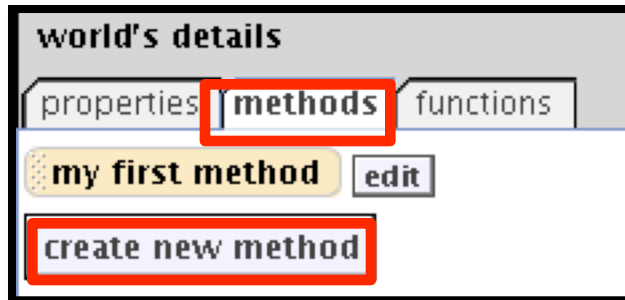
Add one more **color change** into the **Do in order** but this time set it to **no color** so that we can change the scene back to normal.

Add in a **Do together** at the top and drag in both the **loop** and the new **Do in order** into it.

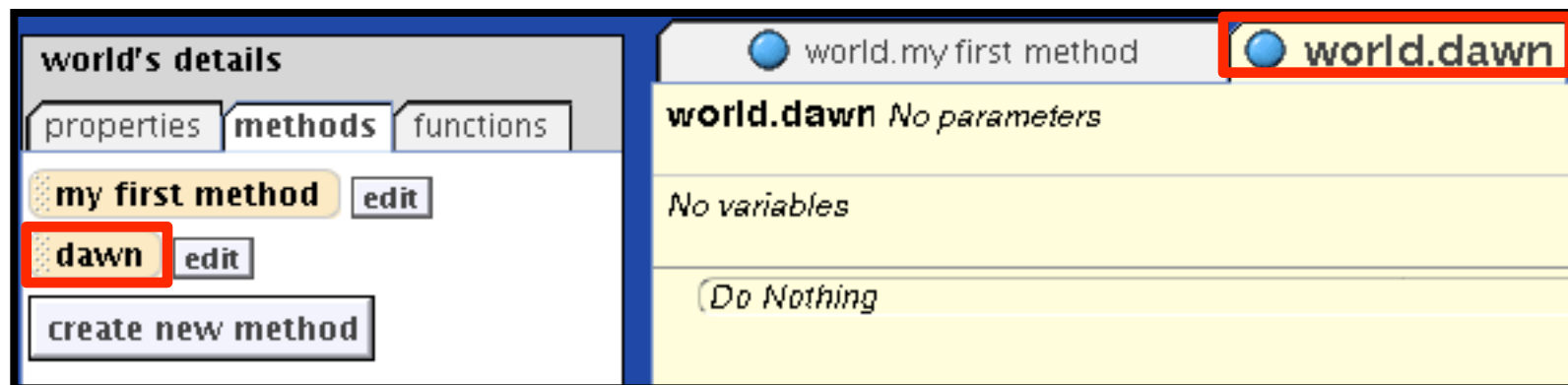
Play your world to see the scene.



Step 9: Dawn

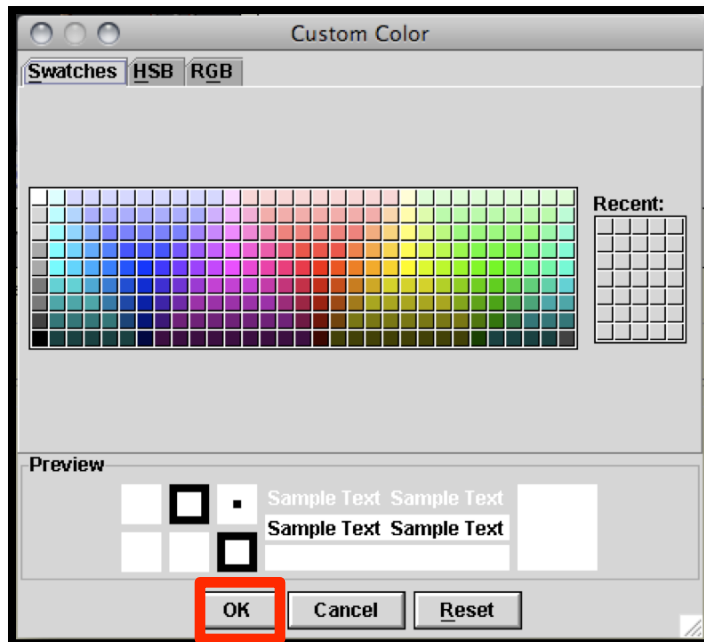


In the Nutcracker story, Clara the ballerina wakes up to find that it was all a dream underneath the Christmas tree. We want to create a new world level method that controls the light so that it looks like dawn is coming and the characters are fading away as if it were a dream.



Go to the **methods** pane of the **world** and click on **create new method**. Name this method **dawn**. You should see a new method called **dawn** appear in the method list of the **world methods** pane as well as in a new tab in the **method editor**.

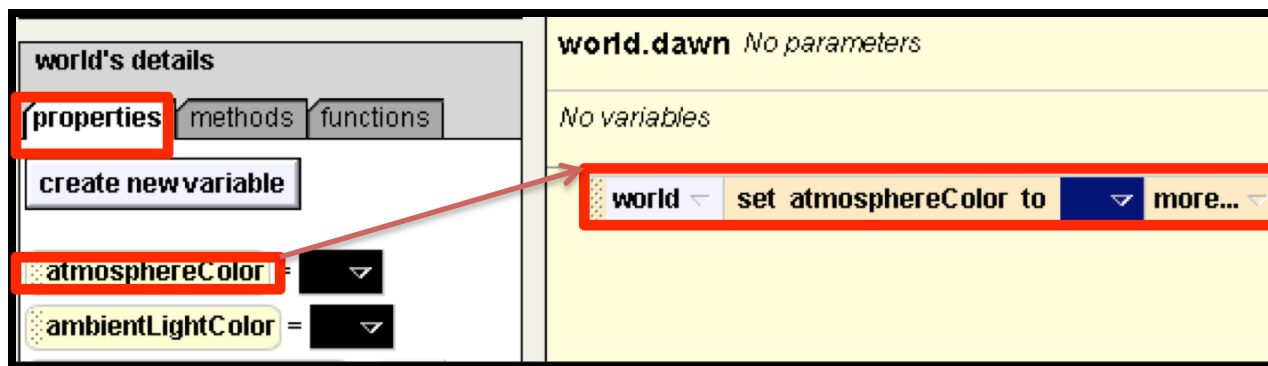
Step 9: Dawn



In order to mimic the colors of sunrise, we are going to change the atmosphereColor.

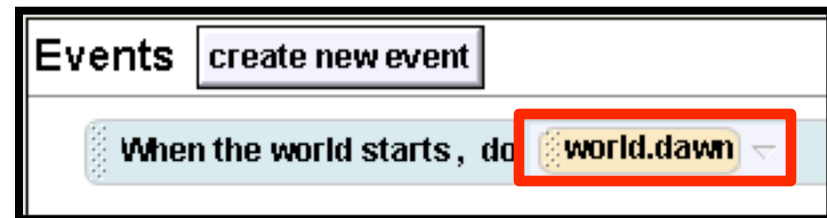
Go to the **world properties** pane and drag in the **atmosphereColor** property into **world.dawn**.

Select a color from the menu. If you don't see the color you want, click **other** and a panel of colors will come up. Select the color you want and press **OK**.

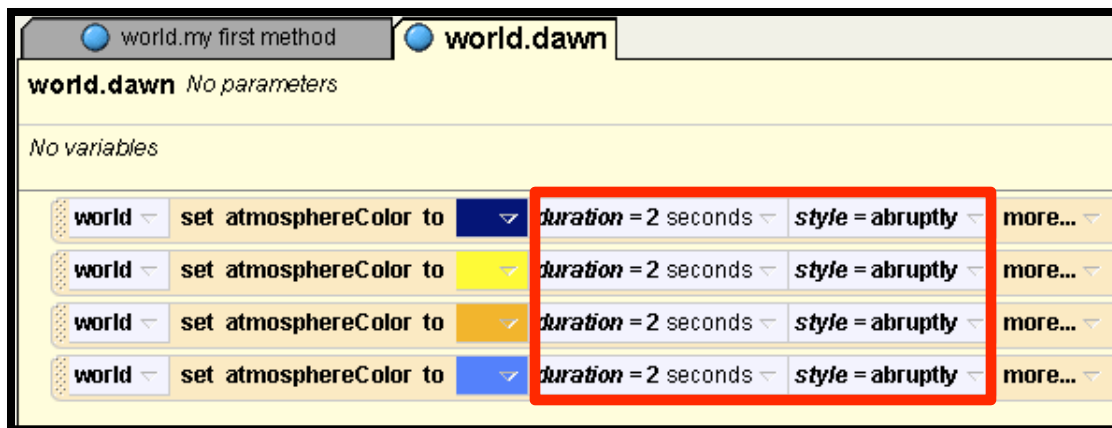


Repeat this with a few more colors.

Step 9: Dawn

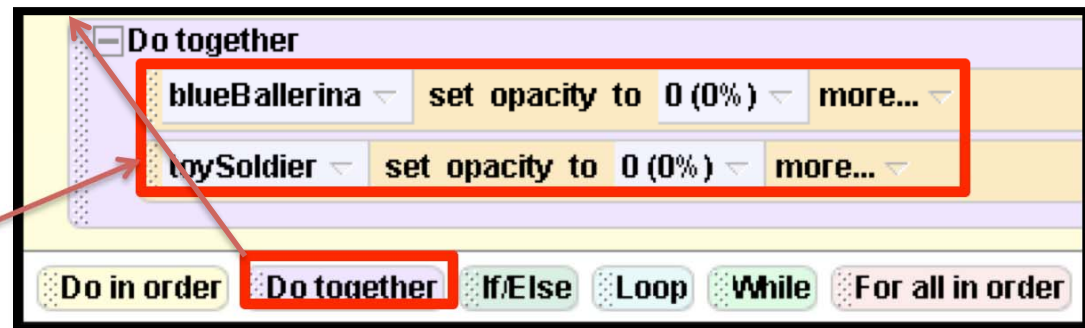
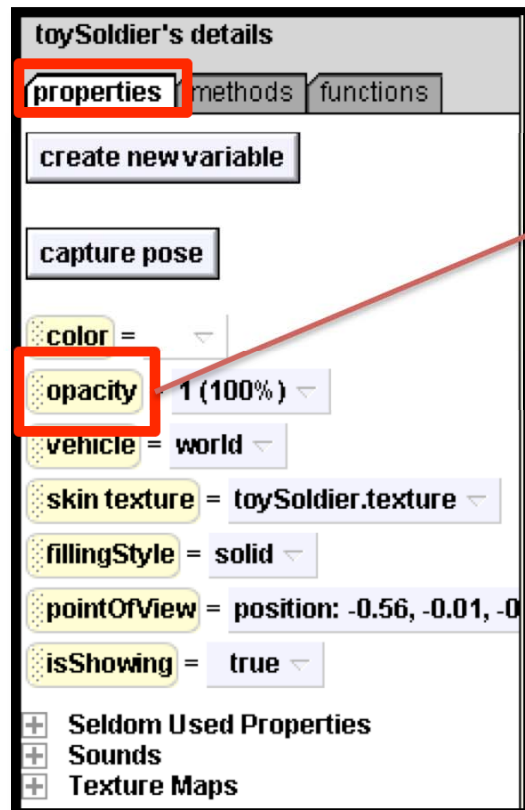


Change the starting event in the **events editor** to **world.dawn** and press **play** to see the colors change.



Right now it doesn't look very natural so let's change the **duration** to **2 seconds** the the **style** to **abruptly**. You can do this by clicking on "**more...**".

Step 10: Opacity

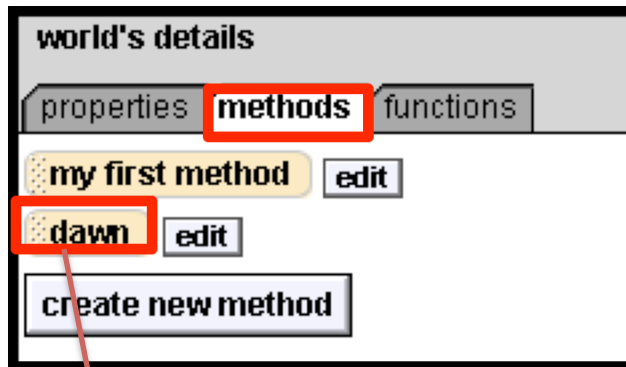


Now we need to combine the dawn method with calls to change the opacity of the ballerina and soldier in the main method.

At the end of `world.myfirstmethod` drag in a **Do together** block. Go to the **properties** pane for the `blueBallerina` and drag the **opacity** property into the block. Set it to **0 (0%)**.

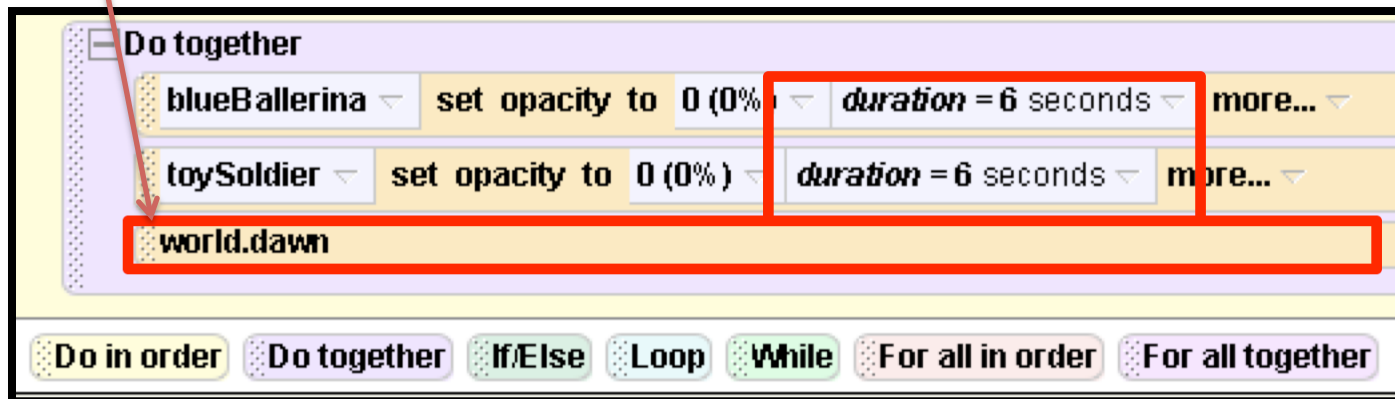
Do the same for the `toySoldier`. Change the **events editor** so that **when the world starts, myfirstmethod** plays. **Play** the world to see the dancers fade out at the end.

Step 11: Putting it Together



Drag the **dawn** method from the world **myfirstmethod** pane into the end of the **Do together** block.

In order to sync the fading out with the coming of the sun, set the **duration** for each of the **opacity** calls. You may need to adjust the length of the **duration** in order to coordinate it with the dawn.



Play the world to test it out.

Step 12: Finishing Touches

The image shows two parts of the Scratch interface. On the left is the 'world's details' pane with the 'properties' tab selected. It lists various world properties: 'create new variable', 'atmosphereColor' (set to black), 'ambientLightColor' (set to black), 'ambientLightBrightness' (set to 1), 'fogStyle' (set to distance), 'fogDensity' (set to 0.1), 'fogNearDistance' (set to 1 meter), and 'fogFarDistance' (set to 1 meter). On the right is a script editor. The first script block is 'world > set fogFarDistance to 256 meters > duration = 6 seconds > more...'. Below it is a 'Do together' block containing a 'Loop 5 times > times' block with a 'show complicated version' button. The second script block is 'world > set atmosphereColor to black > more...'. Below that is another 'world > set fogFarDistance to 1 meter > duration = 2 seconds > more...' block. At the bottom of the script editor are buttons for 'Do in order', 'Do together', 'If/Else', 'Loop', 'While', 'For all in order', and 'For all together'. Red arrows point from the 'fogFarDistance' property in the left pane to the first and third script blocks, and from the 'atmosphereColor' property to the second script block.

Now we can use the **fog** and **atmosphere** to create a curtain effect. Go to the **world properties** pane to set the **fogFarDistance** to **1 meter**. You will see the screen go **black**. Drag the **fogFarDistance** into the beginning of the method and set it to **256** with a **duration** of **6 seconds**.

At the very end of the method. Set the **atmosphereColor** back to **black** and the **fogFarDistance** back to **1 meter** with a **duration** of **2 seconds**.

Congratulations!



Test the world one final time by pressing **play**.

The curtain should lift, the characters should dance, the lights should change and then the dawn should come and the people will fade before the curtain drops.

Congratulations! You have now finished the tutorial. Light manipulation is a powerful tool in Alice that can be used to change the mood and add special effects to your scenes. In the same way that colored light and spotlights are used in theaters to highlight certain objects, you can do the same in Alice with the tricks that we have taught you here. Feel free to explore other ways of changing light on your own!